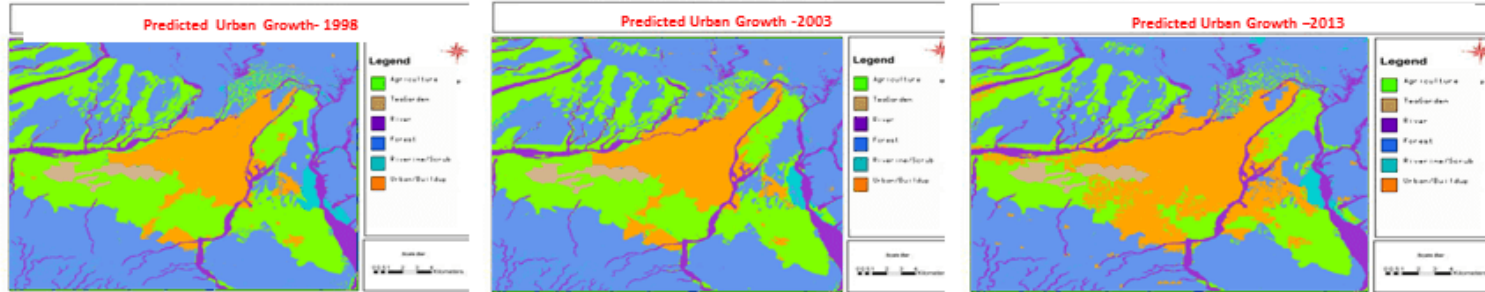


# URBAN SPRAWL ANALYSIS

**Objective:** To develop a model for prediction of urban growth.

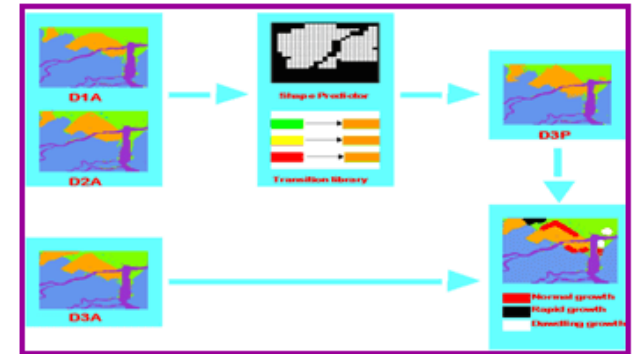
**Assumption:** Urban areas are organic entities.



**Conclusions:**

- The developed model is proved to be useful for determining the spatial growth in future with the current pace of growth spatially.
- Organic CA is used successfully in this study for predicting the urban growth. Developed model has shown reasonable accuracy +5.09% for predicted 1998 and -15.09% for predicted 2003.
- For increasing further accuracy of future predictions, integration of socio-economic parameters in prediction models is necessary.
- CA integrated with GIS can be used effectively for modeling urban growth.

**MODEL DESCRIPTION**



**Accuracy of Prediction**

Year	Predicted Area (Sq Km)	Actual Area (Sq Km)	Error Percentage
1998	80.72	76.81	+5.09%
2003	81.23	95.67	-15.09%

## Spatial dynamics of Dehradun urban area

**Objective:** Directional and distance Based analysis of rapid urban growth of Dehradun.

**Data Used:** Landsat TM 1987, IRS 1B LISS II 1992, IRS 1C LISS III 1998, IRS 1D LISS III 2003, IRS P6 LISS III 2008

**Conclusions:**

- Monitoring of urban growth based on wind rose scheme is simple in approach, easy to understand and it gives clear view of how urban growth has taken place over a period of time in different directions as well with distance from city centre.

